



ASOUGA

GAME BREEDERS

Natural Heritage Site · Port Alfred / Kenton · Eastern Cape



ORIBI , BONTEBOK & BLUE DUIKER are TOPS – CITIES ANIMALS
Need clearance for Translocation from **YOUR PERMITTING OFFICE,**
before the Lindale Game Sale on Friday 11th May 2018,
to avoid disappointment.



BUSHBUCK are not a cities animal but again,
PLEASE GET CLEARANCE FOR TRANSLOCATION FROM
YOU PERMITTING OFFICE, to avoid disappointment.

All Kasouga Game sold on Lindale Game sale are Free Roam
Animals.

Bontebok



1. In 1939 there were 123 Bontebok. By the 1940's there were very few Bontebok in the National Parks in the Western Cape. 5 Bontebok arrived at Thornkloof Farm, Grahamstown of Mr. Francis Bowker.
2. Around 1968 he gave Bontebok to Thomas Bains Nature Reserve, Grahamstown, who swapped 8 Bontebok with Jeff Currie of Kasouga Farm with 8 oribi in 1991. In 2011 we sold Bontebok to Peter Amm of Lindale and Dale Cunningham and were the 1st in the Eastern Cape to DNA-test our Bontebok.
3. Since 1988 Bontebok herds were registered as pure using the scientifically approved photographic method developed by Fabricius *et al.*, until 2008 when the DNA analysis was developed.
4. Bontebok are very adaptable grazers enjoying short grass. Much calmer demeanor than the Blesbok. Stay in small family groups of 6-12 animals and up to 18 with lamb. Range of herd varies from 350 to 600 ha, and the territories of the rams from 4 to 30 ha. Seasonal breeders that mate from January to early April. Normally lamb in October, but occasional can also drop in February and March in a good season. Gestation period varies from 230 to 254 days (8 months). Conception rate is influenced by rainfall, through its effect on the grass cover. Population growth rate is 25%, but can be as high as 52%.

The smallest antelope in Southern Africa and 2nd smallest in Africa. Indigenous and live in abundance on Kasouga Farm.

Blue Duiker (*Philantomba monticola*)

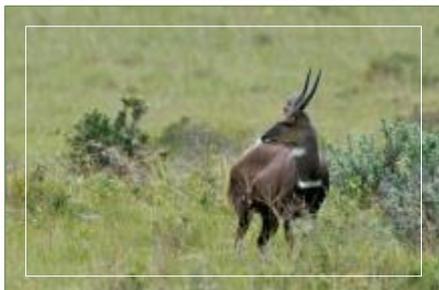


1. Water dependent & requires 0.5 L to 1L of drinking water per day.
2. They occur in forest and thickets with a closed canopy and dense undergrowth.
3. Usually found in pairs, but sometimes occur alone.
4. They are exclusively concentrated feeders that select leaves, fresh fruits that drop to the ground and flowers.
 5. The stomach content usually consists of 75% fruit, 15% browse, 5% flowers & 5% mushrooms.
 6. 1 to 2 ewes to a ram is recommended.
 7. A pair defend a territory of 0,4 to 0.8 ha, which never overlaps with others. Defends and scent-marked by both sexes.

Bushbuck *Tragelaphus Scriptus*

Bushbuck indigenous to Kasouga Farm & thriving for years. 1st relocation in 2011 to Kenton on Sea – Muirhead Reserve with Rotary & have continued to relocate every year.





	Mass-kg	Height 2 shoulder	Gestation	longevity		Avg Horns Rowland Ward	Conceal young	Birth interval
Oribi	11-17kg 8-20kg	To 60	210 days- 7mths	13 yrs	Grazer	10cm 19,05cm	3-4mths	7-9mths
Bushbuck	40-77kg 30-36kg	69-94cm	180 days - 6mths	11yrs	Grazer browser	26cm 38.10- 51.44cm	2-3 weeks	8-9 mths
Grey Duiker	15-21kg 17-25kg	60cm	210 days- 7mths	10 yrs	Grazer- Browser	11cm 11.4 - 18.1cm	1-3 weeks	7-8 mths
Blue Duiker	3,8-5,5kg 4,6-7,3kg	30-35cm	180 days- 6mths	6-8 yrs	Browser	3cm 4.45 -7.3cm	2-3 weeks	6.5-8 mths
Bontebok	64kg 59kg	83-99cm	240 days- 8mths	11yrs	Grazer	38cm 42,55cm		12 months
Impala	47-82kg 32-52kg	84-90cm	6.5mths	12yrs	Grazer- Browser	50cm 60-80,96cm	3-5 days	12-16 mths

